

The Sun: a double barrelled energy source. How are we utilising this in South Africa?

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Who is SANEDI?











Research & Development of technology

Data Management

Capacity Building

Project Management

Demonstration & Pilot Projects

Department of Mineral Resources and Energy

South Africa is....



- Responsible for 1.9% of global Green House Gas (GHG) emissions
 - very few emit more than 6%
- The highest GHG emitter in Africa
- Within top 20 GHG emitters per capita in the world (ranked 14th in Oct 2018) while our GDP in 2018 is ranked 34 of 196
- ♣Home to the largest point source of CO₂ emission in the world

Effects of all this GHG on SA...



- Impact on international uptake of manufactured goods market
 - Amount of content in packaging
 - Tax cost
 - Emitter bears cost > economic impact
 - CBAM
- Adaptation
 - Industry impact > stranded assets
 - Resulting electricity price impact > effects all
 - International competition

Types of Energy Available on Earth





GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

NO. 1359

18 OCTOBER 2019



Integrated Resource Plan (IRP2019)

October 2019

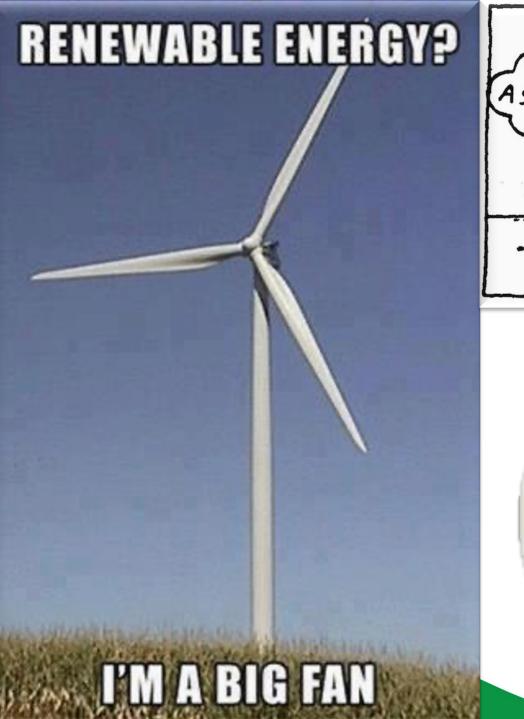


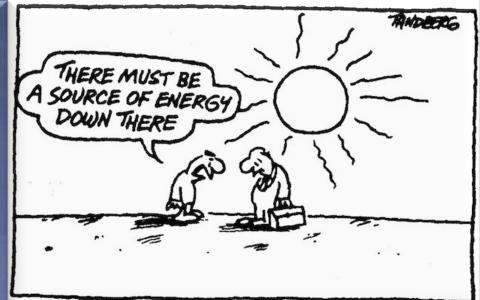
















Electricity in SA



IF YOU DON'T SCHEDULE

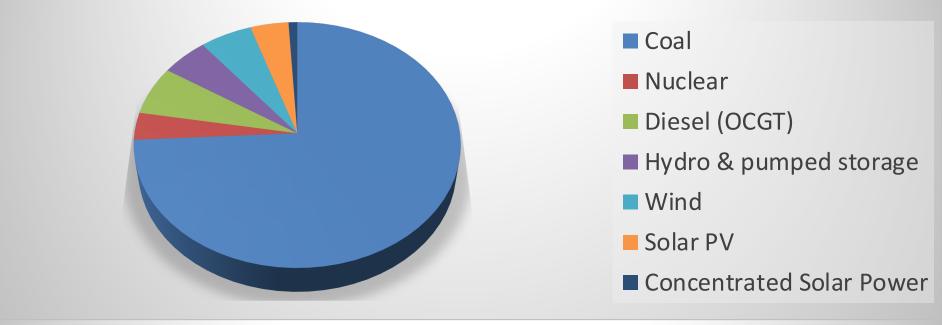
TIME FOR

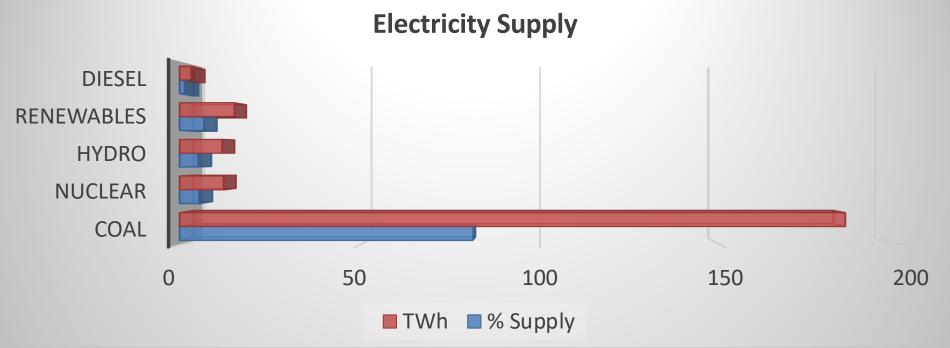
MAINTENANCE, YOUR

EQUIPMENT WILL

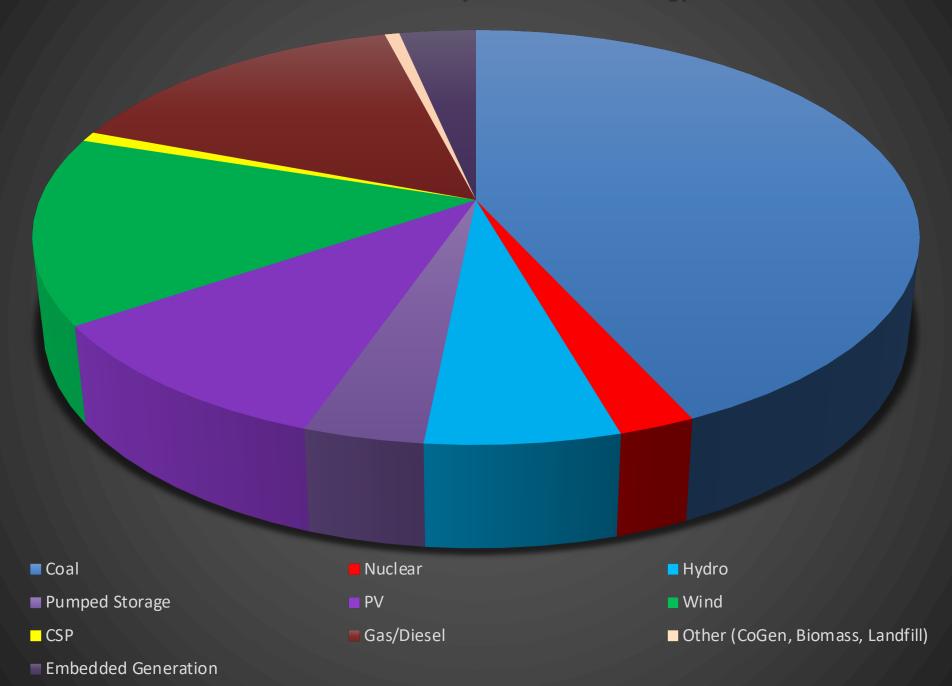
SCHEDULE IT FOR YOU

GW installed capacity



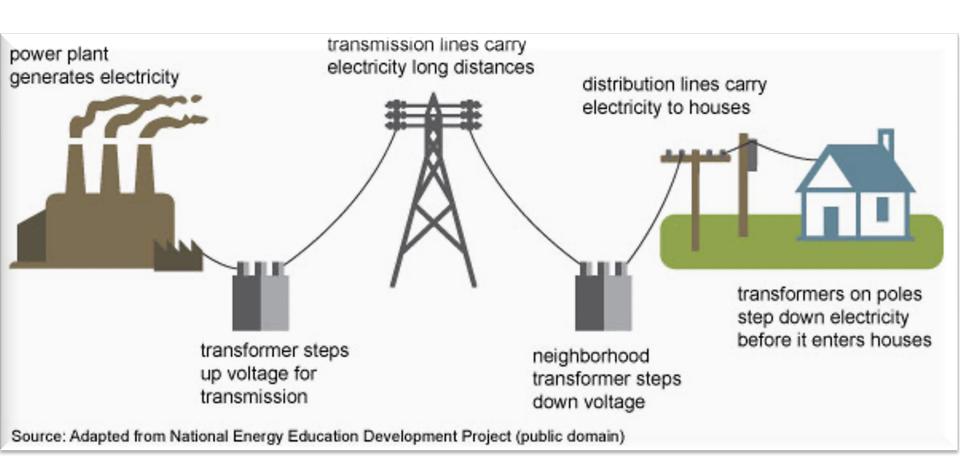


IRP 2019 Allocations Projected for 2030 Energy Mix



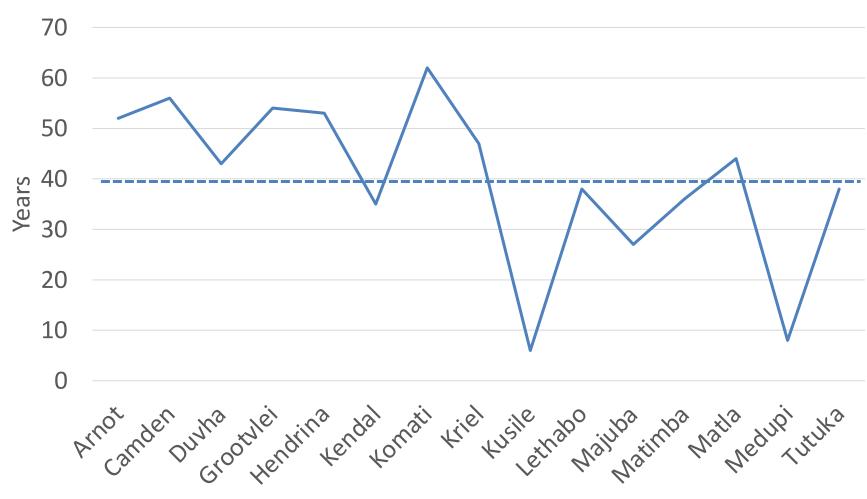
Electricity Generation, Transmission & Distribution





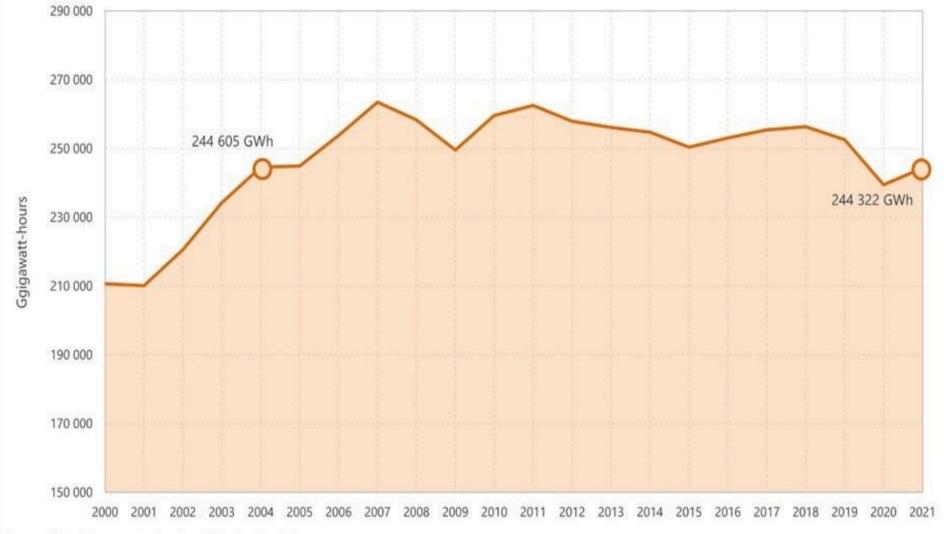
Eskom Generation fleet is aging





—Station Age

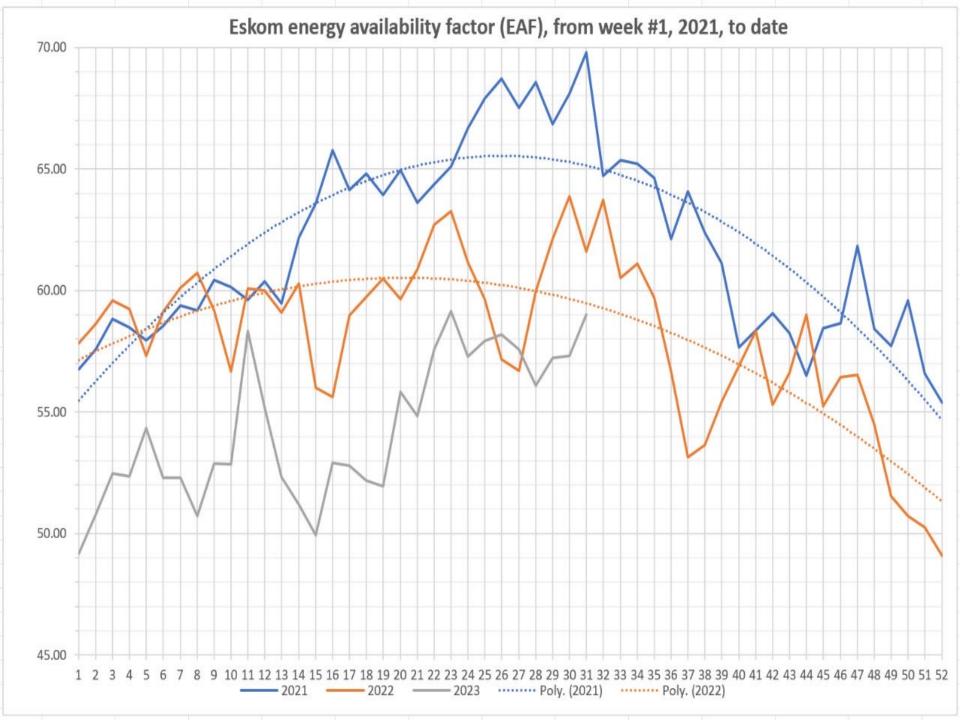
Figure 1: South Africa produced less electricity in 2021 than it did in 2004 Volume of electricity generated by year



Source: Electricity generated and available for distribution







52 Week Outlook

This is the forecast demand vs. available generating capacity for each week for 52 weeks ahead. Colour codes ranging from Green (no shortage) to Red (worst case) are used to indicate the absence or presence of a capacity constraint

		MW	MW	MW	MW	MW	f a capacity	MW	MW
Week Start	Week	RSA	Residual	Available	Available	Planned	Unplanned	Planned	Likely Risk
reek Start	*****	Contracted	Forecast	Dispatchable	Capacity (Less		Outage	Risk Level	Senario
		Forecast	rorecase	Capacity	OR and UA)	mannenance	Assumption (UA)	(-17200 MW)	(-18700 MW
27-Mar-23	13	30192	27975	42311	25111	6880	15000	8	
03-Apr-23	14	30054	28526	42606	25406	6585	15000		
10-Apr-23	15	30863	29216	43246	26046	5945	15000	3	
17-Apr-23	16	31228	29581	43981	26781	5210	15000	9	
24-Apr-23	17	31577	29931	44516	27316	4675	15000	9	
01-May-23	18	31824	30642	45056	27856	4135	15000	3	
08-May-23	19	32574	31392	45812	28612	3379	15000	3	
15-May-23	20	33257	32075	46584	29384	2607	15000	3	
22-May-23	21	33213	32031	47177	29977	2014	15000	\$	
29-May-23	22	33681	32499	47377	30177	1814	15000	3	
05-Jun-23	23	33170	31890	47229	30029	1962	15000	4	
12-Jun-23	24	33184	31903	47377	30177	1814	15000	8 3	
19-Jun-23	25	33465	32184	47377	30177	1814	15000	3	
26-Jun-23	26	33853	32572	47100	29900	2091	15000		
03-Jul-23	27	33675	32184	46503	29303	2688	15000	9	
10-Jul-23	28	33441	31950	46753	29553	2438	15000		
17-Jul-23	29	33806	32315	46563	29363	2628	15000		
24-Jul-23	30	33869	32378	46215	29015	2976	15000		
31-Jul-23	31	33172	31681	45640	28440	3551	15000		
07-Aug-23	32	32921	31227	45924	28724	3267	15000		
14-Aug-23	33	32522	30828	45508	28308	3683	15000	(
21-Aug-23	34	32669	30975	45746	28546	3445	15000		
28-Aug-23	35	32154	30475	45851	28651	3340	15000	Į.	
04-Sep-23	36	32329	30642	45201	28001	3990	15000		
11-Sep-23	37	32319	30633	46023	28823	3168	15000		
18-Sep-23	38	31676	29989	45773	28573	3418	15000	6 3	
25-Sep-23	39	31623	29936	44925	27725	4266	15000	S S	
02-Oct-23	40	31635	29659	44545	27345	4646	15000	8	
09-Oct-23	41	31372	29395	44635	27435	4556	15000		
16-Oct-23	42	31286	29309	44351	27151	4840	15000	d l	
23-Oct-23	43	30991	29015	43538	26338	5653	15000	3	
30-Oct-23	44	30837	28860	43708	26508	5483	15000	4	
06-Nov-23	45	30480	28381	43100	25900	6091	15000	8	
13-Nov-23	46	30439	28371	42359	25159	6832	15000		
20-Nov-23 27-Nov-23	47	30288 30059	28220 27991	42756 42355	25556 25155	6435 6836	15000 15000	1	
04-Dec-23	48	30063	27991	42355	25155	6059	15000		
11-Dec-23	50	30109	27927	43132	24739	7252	15000		
18-Dec-23	51	28935	26752	40390	23190	8801	15000		
25-Dec-23	52	26312	24130	40190	22990	9001	15000		
01-Jan-24	1	27954	25810	41203	24003	7988	15000		
08-Jan-24	2	29548	27404	41303	24103	7888	15000	(A	
15-Jan-24	3	30300	28156	42362	25162	6829	15000	(c	
22-Jan-24	4	30273	28129	43230	26030	5961	15000	(4	
29-Jan-24	5	30490	28346	43512	26312	5679	15000	(<u>)</u>	
05-Feb-24	6	31030	28940	43121	25921	6070	15000	(5	
12-Feb-24	7	31154	29065	43268	26068	5923	15000	7	
19-Feb-24	8	31289	29199	43763	26563	5428	15000	2	
26-Feb-24	9	31095	29006	43148	25948	6043	15000	7	
04-Mar-24	10	31120	29552	44306	27106	4885	15000	4	
11-Mar-24	11	30804	29236	44563	27363	4628	15000	9	
18-Mar-24	12	31048	29480	45476	28276	3715	15000	9	
25-Mar-24	13	30924	29276	45826	28626	3365	15000		

Notes - Assumptions critical:

The maintenance plan included in these assumptions includes a base scenario of outages (planned risk level). As there is opportunity for further outages, these will be included. This "likely risk scenario" includes an additional 1500 MW of outages on the base plan.

The expected imports at Apollo is included.

Avon and Dedisa is also included.

The forecast used is the latest operational weekly residual peak forecast, which excludes the expected renewable generation.

Operating Reserve (OR) from Generation: 2 200 MW

Unplanned Outage Assumption (UA): 15 000

Reserves: OR + UA = 17 200 MW

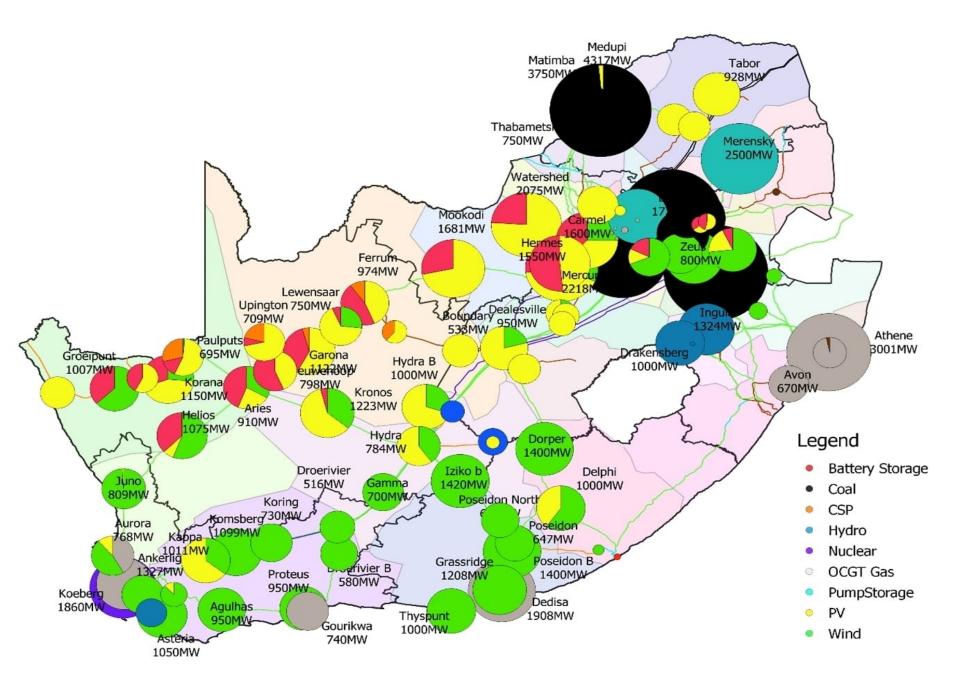
Eskom Installed Capacity: 48 186 MW.

Installed Dispatchable Capacity: 49 191 MW (Incl. Avon and

Dedisa).

Key:

Green A	Adequate Generation to meet Demand and Reserves.			
Yellow <	1 000MW Possibly short to meet Reserves			
Orange 1	001MW - 2 000MW Definitively short to meet Reserves and possibly Demand			
Red >	2 001MW Short to meet Demand and Reserves			





Renewable Energy

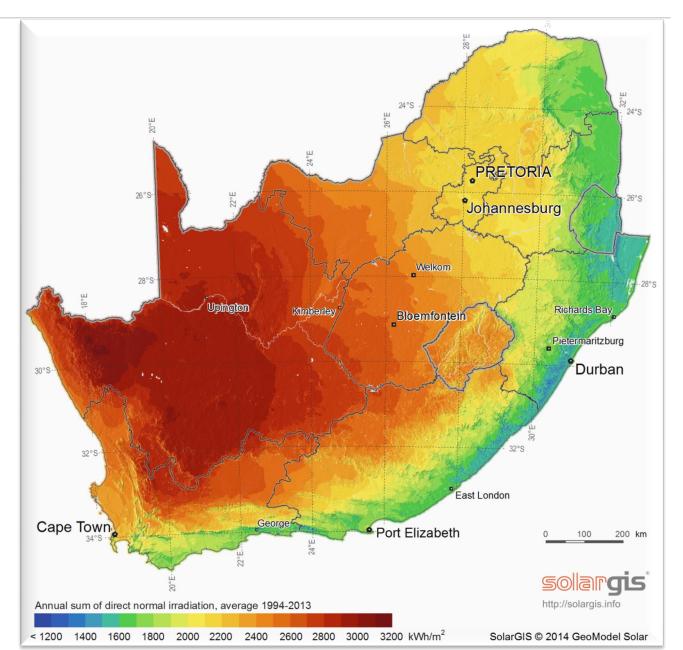


What renewable energy do we have in SA that we can easily use?

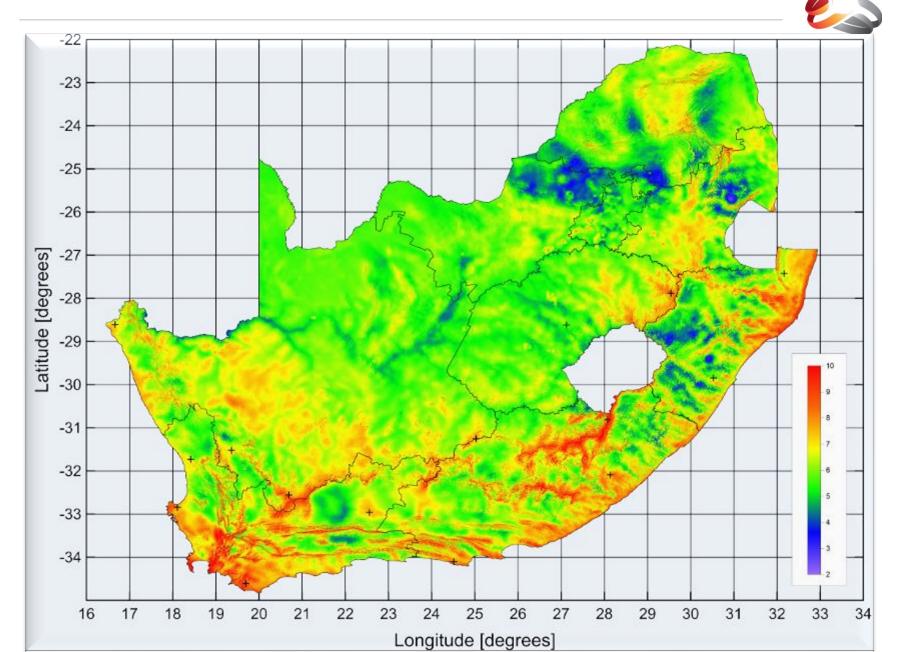


Sunshine concentration



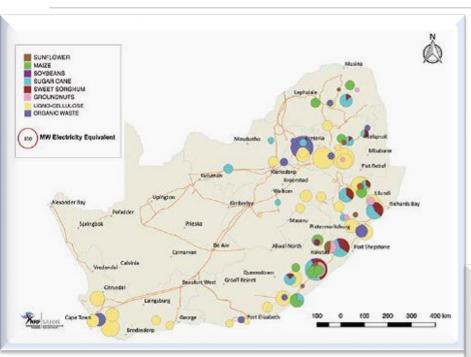


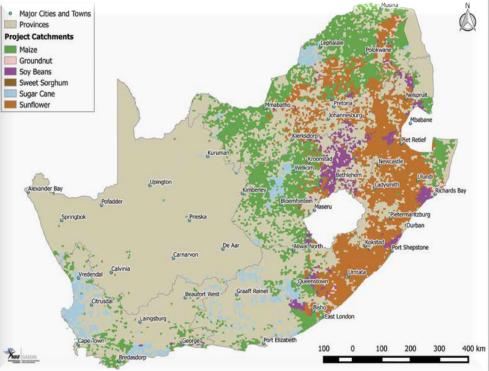
Wind concentration



Biomass/waste concentration

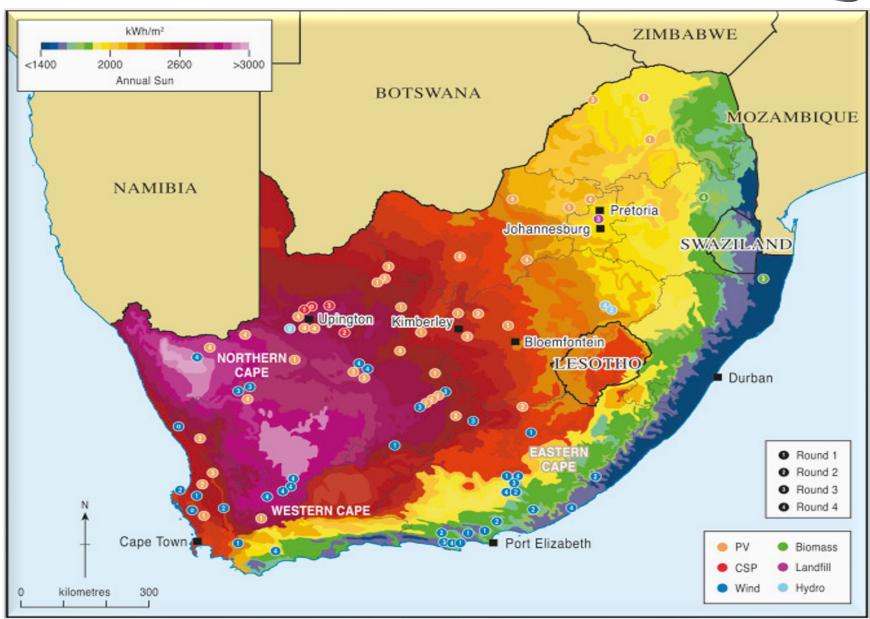






SA RE Plants 2018

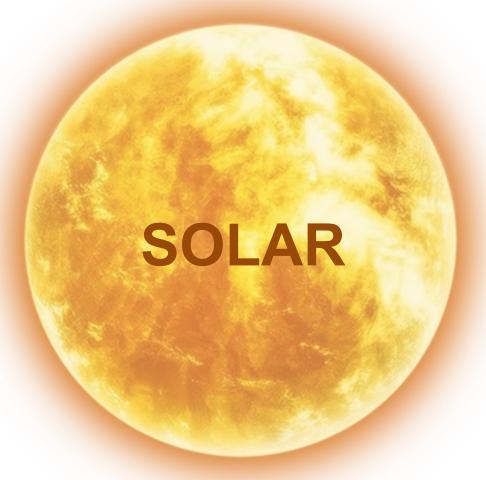






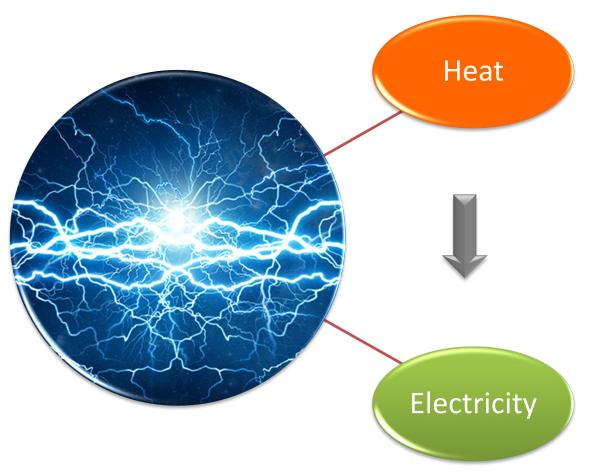
Technology





Double Barrelled Solar technology for SA

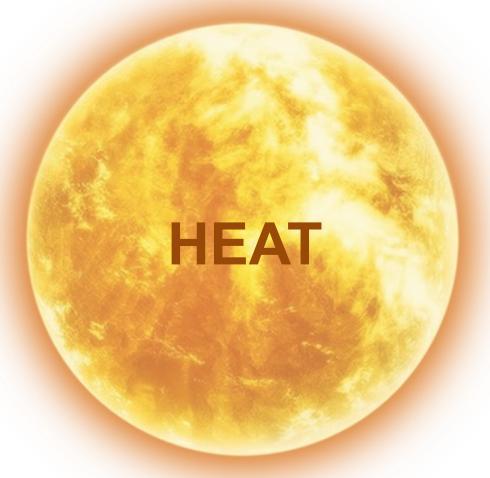




- Solar heating
- Solar cooling (backwards)

- Solar Photovoltaic (PV)
- Concentrated Solar Power (CSP)





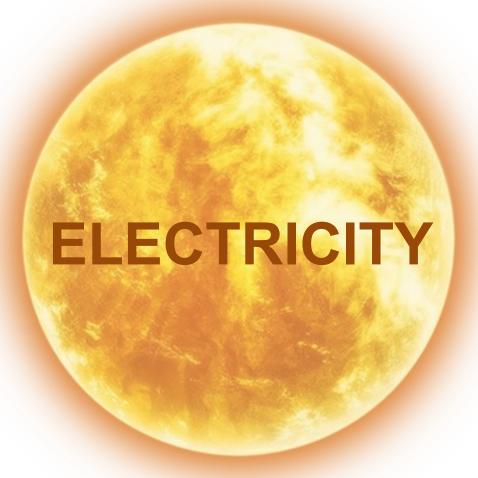
Solar Water heating for Your House











Solar Photovoltaic (PV)

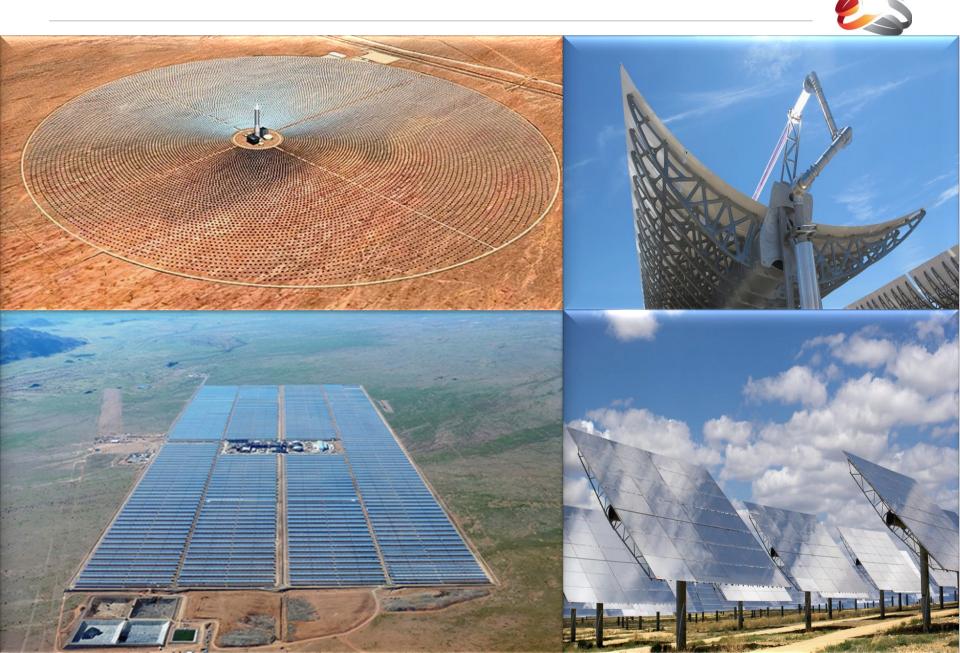








Concentrated solar





Energy Efficiency

Definitions



Efficient Energy Use OR Energy Efficiency

 To reduce the amount of energy required to provide a product and/or service

An energy efficient building maintains

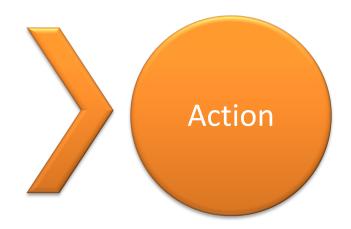
- Moderate temperatures
- Low humidity and increased air quality
- Uses less energy
- Costs less to operate
- Produces fewer greenhouse gasses

What can I do first?





Behaviour change



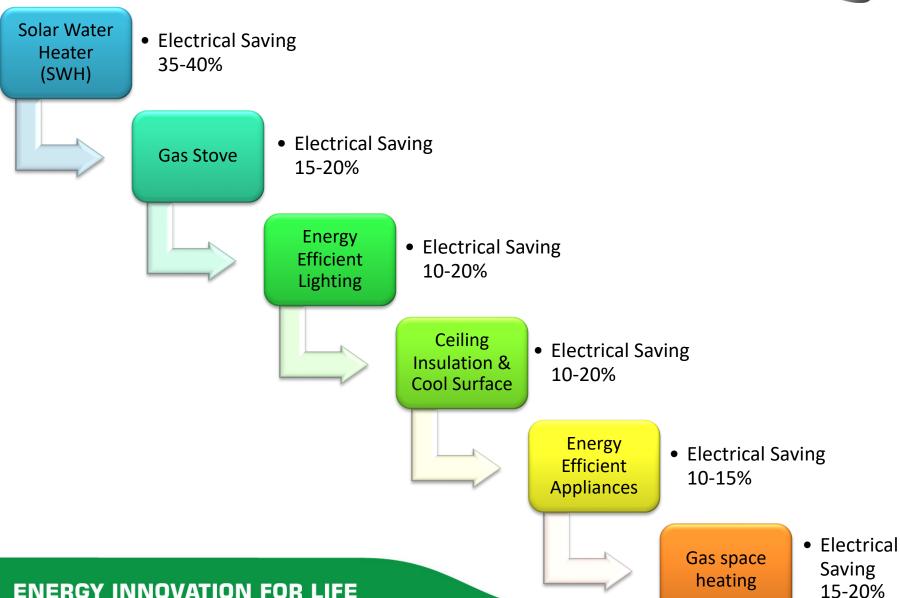
What uses electricity in my house?

Do I need to be using that electricity?

- Switch off lights
- Unplug chargers
- Switch off
 Standby devices

Before Doing Any Major Electrical Interventions...



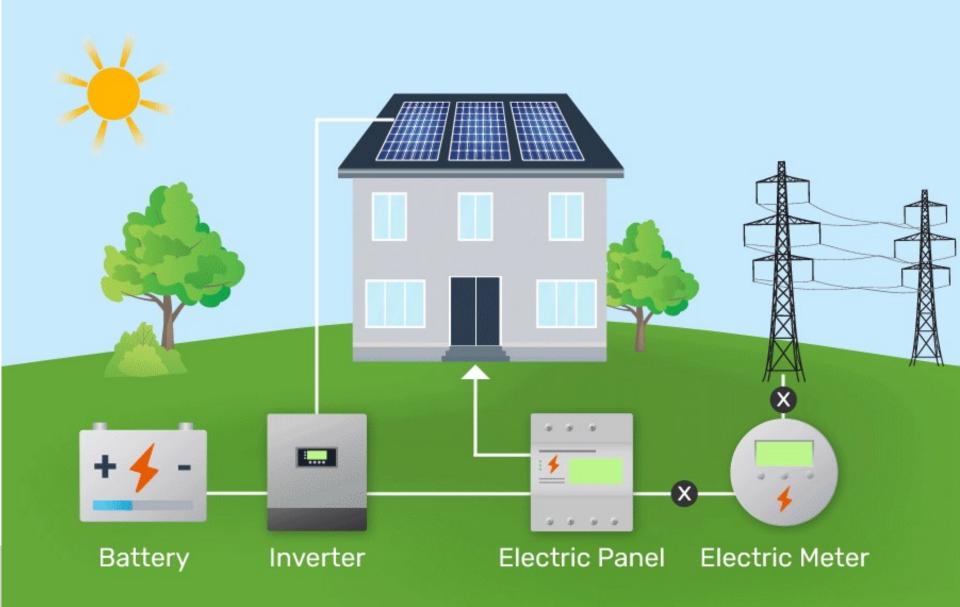




Photovoltaic and Batteries for Energy Security

How does the PV-battery back up work?







THANK YOU